

amendments on the chemical protection bill that we are now considering tomorrow. We will consider perhaps some other suspensions as well.

My expectation is that on Saturday we will convene at 9 o'clock in the morning. I expect to have five 1-minute speeches on each side, as we usually do on Friday and the end of the week. We will then go to the rule on the health care bill, and then it is my expectation we will have consideration of the health care bill and the Republican substitute.

It is my expectation that if we proceed apace and come to a vote and disposition on that piece of legislation, that we would then adjourn Saturday at whatever hour we complete our work and that the adjournment would be to the 16th of November, the Monday of the following week.

We will convene on the 16th at 6:30 p.m. and meet through Friday of that week. It is my expectation, as I have indicated, that we would be off the following week, which is Thanksgiving week.

That's my present plan, which oft go awry, as all of us know, but that is my present plan for the balance of the month.

Mr. CANTOR. I thank the gentleman.

I would just like to ask the gentleman for a point of clarification, our Members can count on a vote on final passage on the health care bill on Saturday and, upon having done that, can anticipate being able to leave sometime Saturday night or Sunday?

I yield.

Mr. HOYER. I thank the gentleman for yielding.

That would be my expectation. Again, I want to clarify and make sure that everybody understands it is our intent to finish the health care bill, but assuming that we finish the health care bill sometime Saturday, Saturday night, or early Sunday morning, it would be my expectation there would be no further business until the 16th.

Mr. CANTOR. I thank the gentleman.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. LARSEN of Washington). Without objection, 5-minute voting will continue.

There was no objection.

NATIONAL FAMILY LITERACY DAY

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the question on suspending the rules and agreeing to the resolution, H. Res. 878.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from New York (Mr. BISHOP) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, H. Res. 878.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Ms. MCCOLLUM. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 409, nays 0, not voting 24, as follows:

[Roll No. 864]

AYES—409

Abercrombie	Crenshaw	Holden
Ackerman	Crowley	Holt
Adler (NJ)	Cuellar	Honda
Akin	Culberson	Hunter
Alexander	Cummings	Inglis
Altmire	Dahlkemper	Inslee
Andrews	Davis (AL)	Israel
Arcuri	Davis (CA)	Issa
Austria	Davis (IL)	Jackson (IL)
Baca	Davis (KY)	Jackson-Lee
Bachmann	Davis (TN)	(TX)
Baird	DeFazio	Jenkins
Baldwin	DeLaunt	Johnson (GA)
Barrett (SC)	Dent	Johnson (IL)
Barrow	Diaz-Balart, L.	Johnson, E. B.
Bartlett	Diaz-Balart, M.	Jones
Barton (TX)	Dicks	Jordan (OH)
Bean	Dingell	Kagen
Becerra	Doggett	Kanjorski
Berkley	Donnelly (IN)	Kaptur
Berman	Doyle	Kennedy
Berry	Dreier	Kildee
Biggert	Driehaus	Kilpatrick (MI)
Bilbray	Duncan	Kilroy
Bilirakis	Edwards (MD)	Kind
Bishop (GA)	Edwards (TX)	King (IA)
Bishop (NY)	Ehlers	King (NY)
Bishop (UT)	Ellison	Kingston
Blackburn	Ellsworth	Kirk
Blumenauer	Emerson	Kirkpatrick (AZ)
Blunt	Engel	Kissell
Boccieri	Eshoo	Klein (FL)
Boehner	Etheridge	Kline (MN)
Bonner	Fallin	Kosmas
Bono Mack	Farr	Kratovil
Boozman	Fattah	Kucinich
Boren	Filner	Lamborn
Boswell	Flake	Lance
Boucher	Fleming	Langevin
Boustany	Fortenberry	Larsen (WA)
Boyd	Foster	Larson (CT)
Braley (IA)	Fox	Latham
Bright	Frank (MA)	LaTourette
Broun (GA)	Franks (AZ)	Latta
Brown (SC)	Frelinghuysen	Lee (CA)
Brown, Corrine	Fudge	Lee (NY)
Brown-Waite,	Gallely	Levin
Ginny	Garamendi	Lewis (CA)
Buchanan	Garrett (NJ)	Lewis (GA)
Burgess	Gerlach	Linder
Burton (IN)	Giffords	Lipinski
Butterfield	Gingrey (GA)	LoBiondo
Buyer	Gonzalez	Loeb
Calvert	Goodlatte	Lofgren, Zoe
Camp	Gordon (TN)	Lowey
Campbell	Granger	Lucas
Cantor	Graves	Luetkemeyer
Cao	Grayson	Lujan
Capito	Green, Al	Lummis
Capps	Green, Gene	Lungrun, Daniel
Cardoza	Griffith	E.
Carnahan	Grijalva	Lynch
Carney	Guthrie	Mack
Carson (IN)	Gutierrez	Maffei
Cassidy	Hall (NY)	Maloney
Castle	Hall (TX)	Manzullo
Castor (FL)	Halvorson	Marchant
Chaffetz	Hare	Markey (CO)
Childers	Harman	Markey (MA)
Chu	Harper	Marshall
Clarke	Hastings (FL)	Massa
Clay	Hastings (WA)	Matheson
Cleaver	Heinrich	Matsui
Clyburn	Heller	McCarthy (CA)
Coble	Hensarling	McCarthy (NY)
Coffman (CO)	Herger	McCaul
Cohen	Herseth Sandlin	McClintock
Cole	Higgins	McCollum
Conaway	Hill	McCotter
Connolly (VA)	Himes	McDermott
Cooper	Hinche	McGovern
Costa	Hinojosa	McHenry
Costello	Hirono	McIntyre
Courtney	Hoekstra	McKeon

McMahon	Price (GA)	Smith (NE)
McMorris	Price (NC)	Smith (NJ)
Rodgers	Putnam	Smith (TX)
McNerney	Quigley	Smith (WA)
Meek (FL)	Radanovich	Snyder
Meeks (NY)	Rahall	Souder
Melancon	Rangel	Space
Mica	Rehberg	Speier
Michaud	Reichert	Spratt
Miller (FL)	Reyes	Stearns
Miller (MI)	Richardson	Sullivan
Miller (NC)	Rodriguez	Sutton
Miller, Gary	Roe (TN)	Tanner
Miller, George	Rogers (AL)	Taylor
Minnick	Rogers (KY)	Teague
Mitchell	Rohrabacher	Terry
Mollohan	Rooney	Thompson (CA)
Moore (KS)	Ros-Lehtinen	Thompson (MS)
Moore (WI)	Roskam	Thompson (PA)
Moran (KS)	Ross	Thornberry
Moran (VA)	Rothman (NJ)	Tiahrt
Murphy (CT)	Roybal-Allard	Tiberi
Murphy (NY)	Royce	Tierney
Murphy, Tim	Ruppersberger	Titus
Murtha	Rush	Tonko
Myrick	Ryan (OH)	Towns
Napolitano	Ryan (WI)	Tsongas
Neal (MA)	Salazar	Turner
Neugebauer	Sanchez, Loretta	Upton
Nye	Sarbanes	Van Hollen
Oberstar	Scalise	Velázquez
Obey	Schakowsky	Visclosky
Olson	Schauer	Walden
Olver	Schiff	Walz
Ortiz	Schmidt	Wamp
Pallone	Schock	Wasserman
Pascarella	Schrader	Schultz
Pastor (AZ)	Schwartz	Waters
Paul	Scott (GA)	Watson
Paulsen	Scott (VA)	Watt
Payne	Sensenbrenner	Waxman
Pence	Serrano	Weiner
Perlmutter	Sessions	Welch
Perriello	Sestak	Westmoreland
Peters	Shadegg	Wexler
Peterson	Shea-Porter	Whitfield
Petri	Sherman	Wilson (OH)
Pingree (ME)	Shimkus	Wilson (SC)
Pitts	Shuler	Wittman
Platts	Shuster	Wolf
Poe (TX)	Simpson	Wu
Polis (CO)	Sires	Yarmuth
Pomeroy	Skelton	Young (AK)
Posey	Slaughter	Young (FL)

NOT VOTING—24

Aderholt	DeGette	Nunes
Bachus	DeLauro	Rogers (MI)
Brady (PA)	Forbes	Sánchez, Linda
Brady (TX)	Gohmert	T.
Capuano	Hodes	Stark
Carter	Hoyer	Stupak
Chandler	Johnson, Sam	Woolsey
Conyers	Murphy, Patrick	
Deal (GA)	Nadler (NY)	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining in this vote.

□ 1750

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

HONORING MONICA RODRIGUEZ

(Ms. CHU asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. CHU. Madam Speaker, I rise today to honor Monica Rodriguez from El Monte, California. Monica was a wife, mother of three children, and 5 months pregnant. Monica went twice

to a hospital in El Monte with flu symptoms, including flu, fever, congestion, and cough. She was sent away with cough syrup. Days later, Monica was admitted into intensive care, but it was too late, and Monica passed away on October 25 due to complications from the H1N1 virus.

Monica was a pregnant woman with flu-like symptoms that should have set off alarm bells. Despite multiple visits to the hospital, she was denied treatment that could have saved her life. The Centers for Disease Control issued guidelines for health care providers that said, "Pregnant women are at higher risk for severe complications and death from influenza, including both 2009 H1N1 influenza and seasonal influenza." If the El Monte hospital had followed these guidelines, her tragic death could have been avoided. Her husband, Jorge Gonzalez, wants others to know about his wife's death so that they can receive proper care.

In memory of Monica Rodriguez, I will introduce a resolution alerting people so no other person will needlessly die in this manner.

TRIBUTE TO THE 2009 EDINA GIRLS TENNIS TEAM

(Mr. PAULSEN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PAULSEN. Madam Speaker, I rise to pay tribute to the Edina High School girls tennis team who won the Minnesota 2-A State Championship just last week. Their final victory, a 6-1 triumph over a strong Elk River team, continued a string of dominance by the Edina program that has clearly become one of the most successful high school athletic programs in the entire State of Minnesota.

The Hornets' victory marked the 13th consecutive State tennis championship, a streak in which Edina has impressively won 248 of their past 249 dual matches. Led by coach Steve Paulsen, the Hornets finished the 2009 season with a record of 24-0 in dual matches.

To all of the student athletes, to the coaches and the parents, I offer my congratulations on a great accomplishment and for an impressive run of championships that is truly a tribute to everyone involved. The streak is still alive, and I am proud to represent a school and athletics program with such a longstanding commitment to success.

BRANDON'S LAW

(Mr. HARE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. HARE. Madam Speaker, I rise today to honor the life of Brandon Ballard of Taylor Ridge, Illinois, and to support testicular cancer education, the best medicine to fight the most common cancer in young men.

Madam Speaker, Brandon Ballard was a star high school basketball play-

er with a champion's heart. Although Brandon had been active in sports and had annual physical exams, his cancer went undetected for 2 years. During his illness, Brandon dedicated himself to raising awareness about the warning signs of testicular cancer. One year ago this month, Brandon lost a hard-fought battle with testicular cancer at the young age of 19.

Madam Speaker, I stand here today not only to share with you Brandon's story but to recognize the efforts of Jim and Kristen Ballard to carry on Brandon's work. With the support of Senator Mike Jacobs, the Ballards lobbied the State assembly to require health classes to teach the signs and symptoms of testicular cancer and encourage screenings of male athletes. I am proud to say that their hard work paid off in August when Governor Pat Quinn signed Brandon's Law.

Madam Speaker, I commend the Ballard family for turning the tragic loss of their son into an opportunity to save the lives of young men.

AMERICANS OPPOSE SANCTUARY CITIES

(Mr. SMITH of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SMITH of Texas. Madam Speaker, a recent Rasmussen Report shows that 68 percent of U.S. voters oppose the creation of sanctuary cities that give safe haven to illegal immigrants. And by a 5-2 margin, voters say sanctuary policies that protect illegal immigrants lead to an increase in crime.

Not only are sanctuary cities unpopular, they are illegal. They are specifically prohibited in the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996. But the Obama administration has not held any jurisdictions that adopt and maintain sanctuary policies responsible.

It's no wonder that a recent CNN/Opinion Research poll found that 58 percent of respondents disapproved of the President's handling of illegal immigration while only 36 percent approve. And his poll numbers aren't going to be helped if taxpayers subsidize illegal immigrants in the health care bill that we are considering this week.

Rather than flout the will of the American people, the White House should heed their advice and enforce our Nation's immigration laws.

HEALTH CARE REFORM IS GOOD FOR AMERICA

(Mr. COHEN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. COHEN. Madam Speaker, this weekend this House will be the scene of a debate on the most important bill that has faced this Congress and this country since 1965, and that is health care, putting out country on a path

where it should have been in the 20th century but catching up. The AARP has recently endorsed the bill because they know that it helps senior citizens. It will guarantee that the rates don't go up and the doughnut hole will be closed.

My local alternative paper, the Memphis Flyer, had a feature story, Young People and Health Insurance. Most young people don't have health insurance. They think they're invincible, they don't necessarily have jobs, and they can't stay on their parents' policy. When this bill passes, Madam Speaker, young people will be able to stay on their parents' health insurance policies until they're 27, filling a great void. Most parents don't like the idea of their children not having health insurance.

This will help the young and the old. It will help all of America. It is, indeed, America's bill. I will proudly vote for it.

□ 1815

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mrs. DAHLKEMPER). Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 6, 2009, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. BURTON) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. BURTON of Indiana addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

TAX TAX TAX

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. POE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. POE of Texas. Madam Speaker, there are brand new ways to tax people in this Federal health care bill. According to the Americans for Tax Reform, these new health care taxes will affect everyone. There are at least \$700 billion in taxes in this takeover. It taxes small businesses; it taxes individuals.

For the first time in history, Congress is going to require individuals to buy something. If this health care bill passes, citizens will be required to buy government-approved health insurance. If they don't buy that government-approved health insurance, they are going to have to pay a criminal fine. That violates the Fifth Amendment of the United States Constitution, the due process clause.

If someone owns a small business, they will be required to pay about three-quarters of the cost of health insurance for their employees, whether they can afford it or not. Employees would be required to pay the rest of the